Utilizing the Wide Node — Narrow Road Aspect of Roundabouts at Interchanges

Contacts: Kamesh Vedula | Kamesh.Vedula@ghd.com and Ron Boyle | Ronald.Boyle@ghd.com www.ghd.com | www.omnimeans.com

INTRODUCTION: Conventional signal interchanges typically require wide bridge structures to accommodate storage for through and turn lanes. Often times, roundabouts eliminate the need for the wide bridge structure by minimizing the number of lanes and queue lengths at the ramp intersections.

1 CASE STUDY

THE **ISSUE**

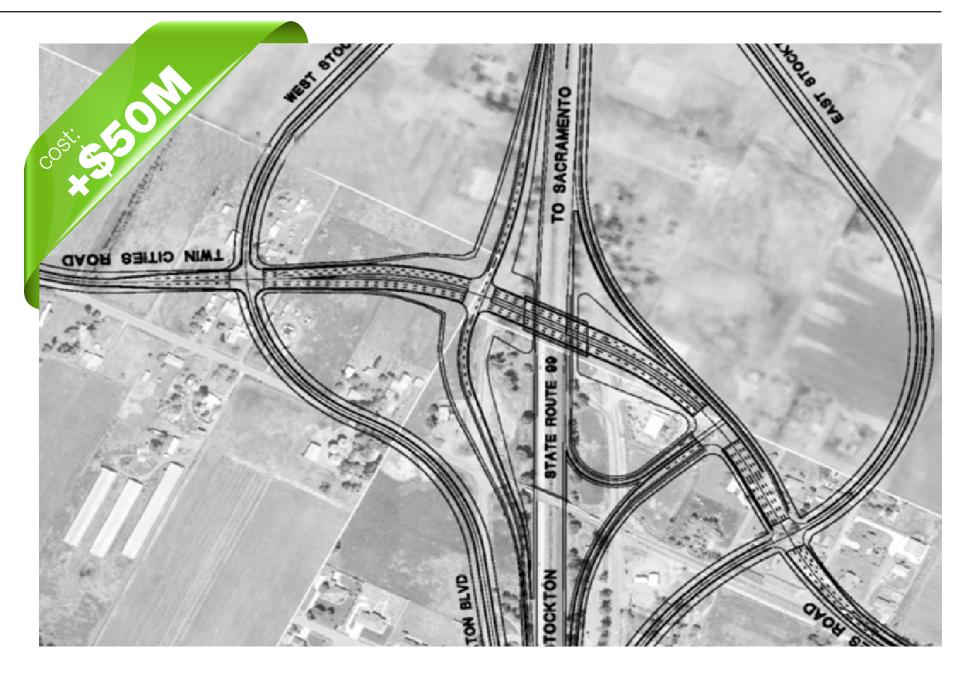
- The existing signal resulted in queue spillback to the mainline
- _ack of adequate pedestrian and bicycle facilities



TRADITIONAL SOLUTION

The Problem:

- Traditional solution required a new over-crossing structure
- Traditional solution significantly impacted the right-of-way



ROUNDABOUT SOLUTION

The Solution:

- The roundabout solution maintained the existing overcrossing
- The roundabout solution minimized the right-of-way impact



Acknowledgements:

2 CASE STUDY

THE **ISSUE**

- Lack of freeway access in the NB direction to the factory outlets and other retail
- Requires a NB off-ramp

TRADITIONAL SOLUTION

The Problem:

- Traditional solution required a reconstruction
- impacted the right-of-way

ROUNDABOUT SOLUTION

The Solution:

- The roundabout solution eliminated the need for a new undercrossing and freeway reconstruction
- The roundabout solution minimized the right-of-way impact





City of Galt, City of Anderson and Caltrans

connection for improving access

new undercrossing and freeway

Traditional solution significantly

